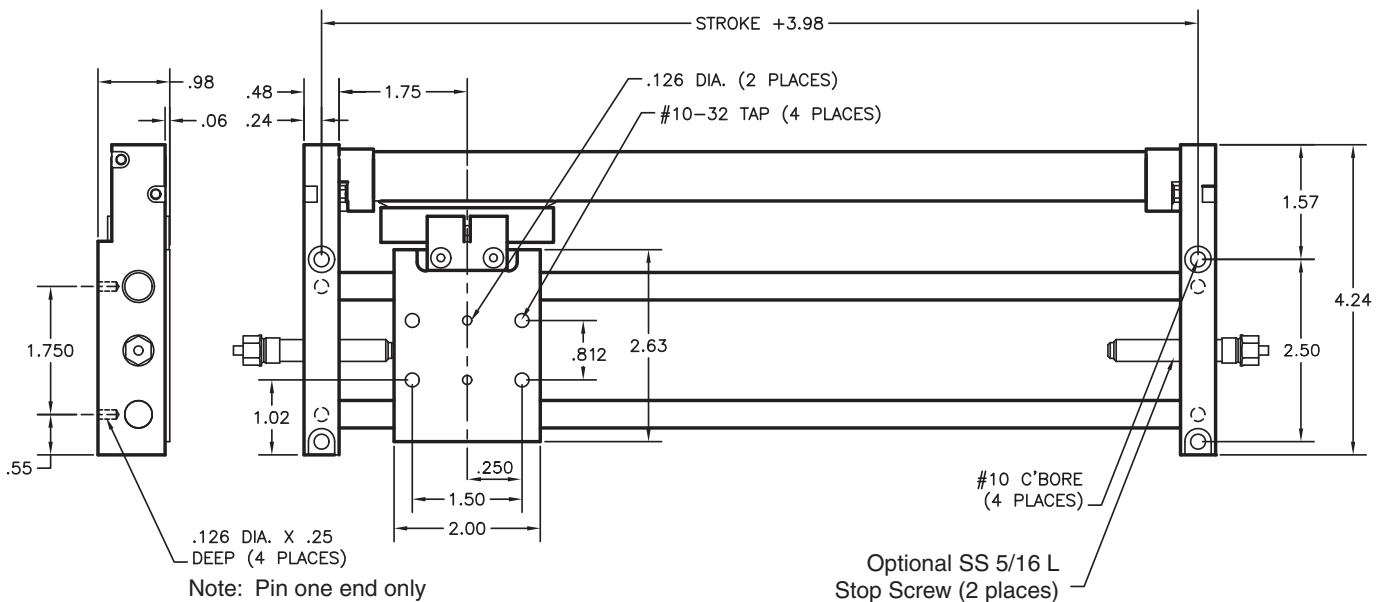


## Features

- External mounted rodless cylinder
- Rodless cylinder for short overall length
- 0.375 dia. case hardened & ground shafts
- 4 linear ball bearings and seals for extended cycle life
- Tapped & dowel pin holes in anodized body for ease of mounting
- Tapped & dowel pin holes in anodized end plates for ease of mounting
- Hardened adjustable stopscrews for accurate and repeatable positioning
- End of stroke sensing switches are available for stopscrews

## Dimensions



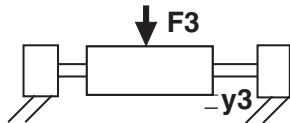
NOTE: Flow controls are recommended for all applications.

# ES-1 Table Slide

## Technical Data

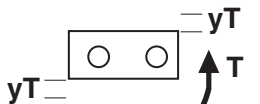
Bore	= .38"
Force @ 80 psi	= 9 lbs
Operating medium	= compressed air 60-100 psi
Air connection	= 10-32
Repeat accuracy	= +/-0.0005"
Life expectancy	= >100 million travel inches

Force diagrams below depict the load and the resultant deflection caused by that force (or torque).



$$F3 = X * F1$$

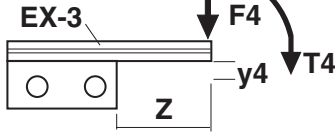
$$y3 = y1 / X$$



$$T = F3 * 0.87 / X$$

$$yT = y1 / 2 \text{ or}$$

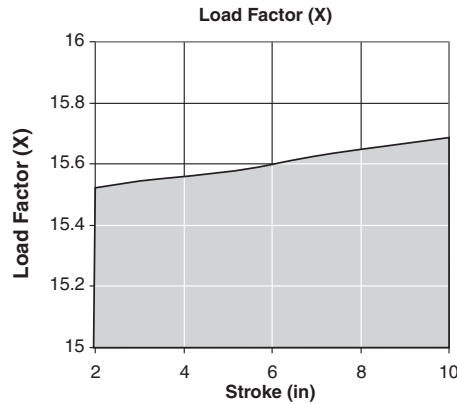
$$yT = y3 * X / 2$$



For  $T4 = T$ ;  
If  $T4 = F4 * (z + 0.87)$  and  $T = F3 * 0.87 / X$  then,

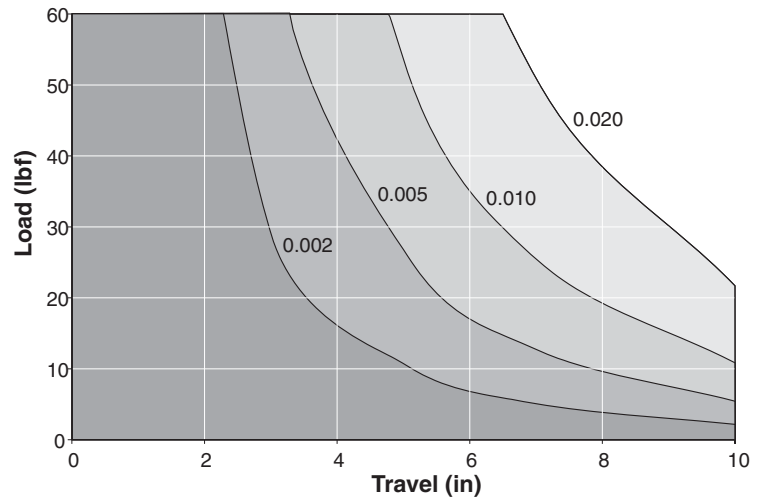
$$F4 = F3 * 0.87 / (X * (z + 0.87))$$

-F4 is the force that will cause a deflection (yT) at the block's edge. To determine the deflection at the cantilever end use the following:  
 $y4 = F4 * z^3 / (9.78E+07)$



The load factor (X) is used in calculations as a relationship between a load on the ends (F1) versus a load in the center (F3).

## F3 Load vs. Travel at set Deflection (y<sub>3</sub>) for the ES-1



## Ordering & Options

ES - 1 - [ ] - [ ]

STROKE  
(1" to 10")

C = Base ES with  
internal air cushion standard  
SS = with 2 Stop Screws

No Shocks Available

For end of stroke sensing,  
see page 49-53

